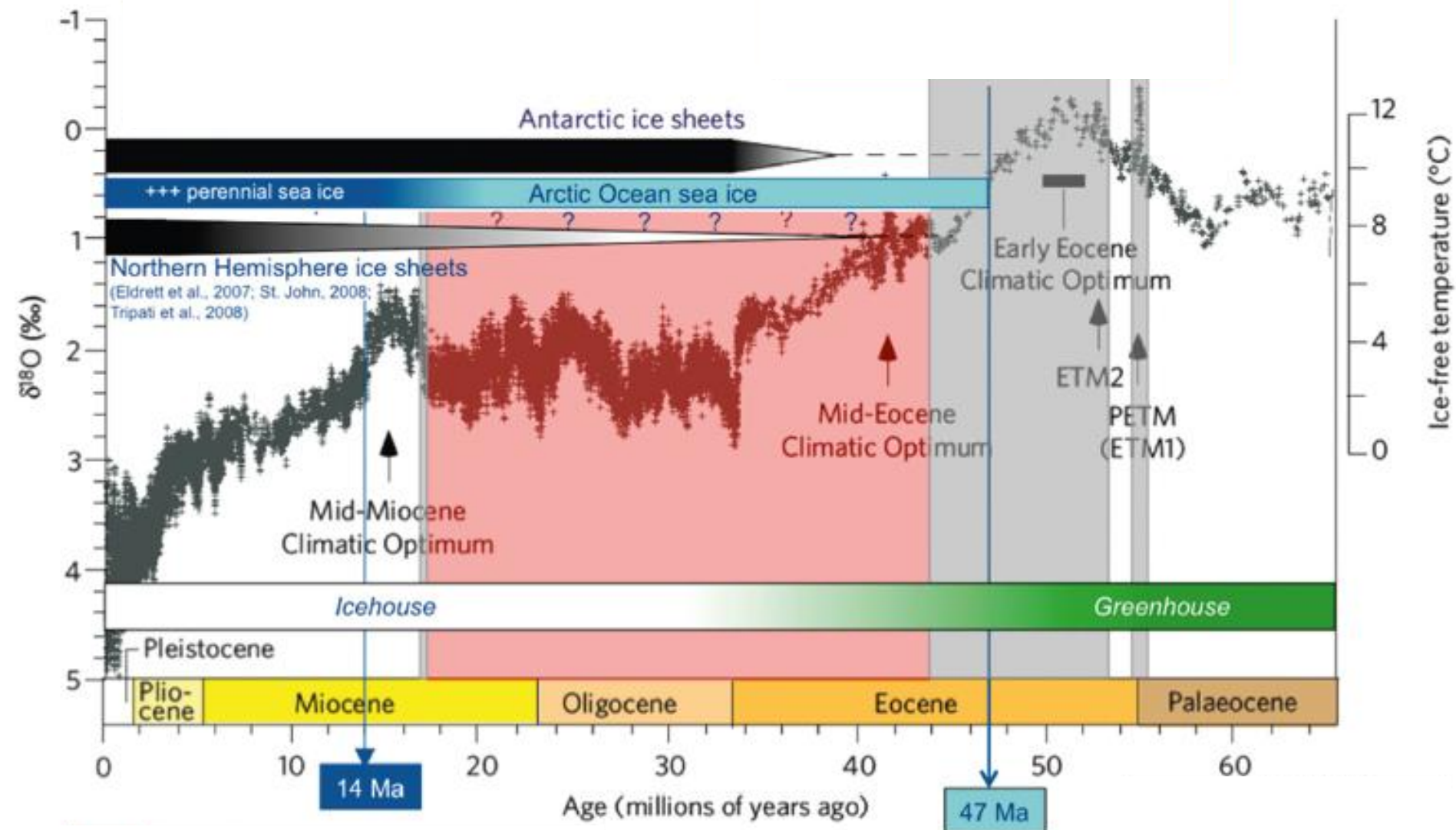


- Past Arctic Ocean Climate Evolution
- High-Latitude Marine Paleoclimatology
- Crustose coralline algal-based marine climate reconstructions

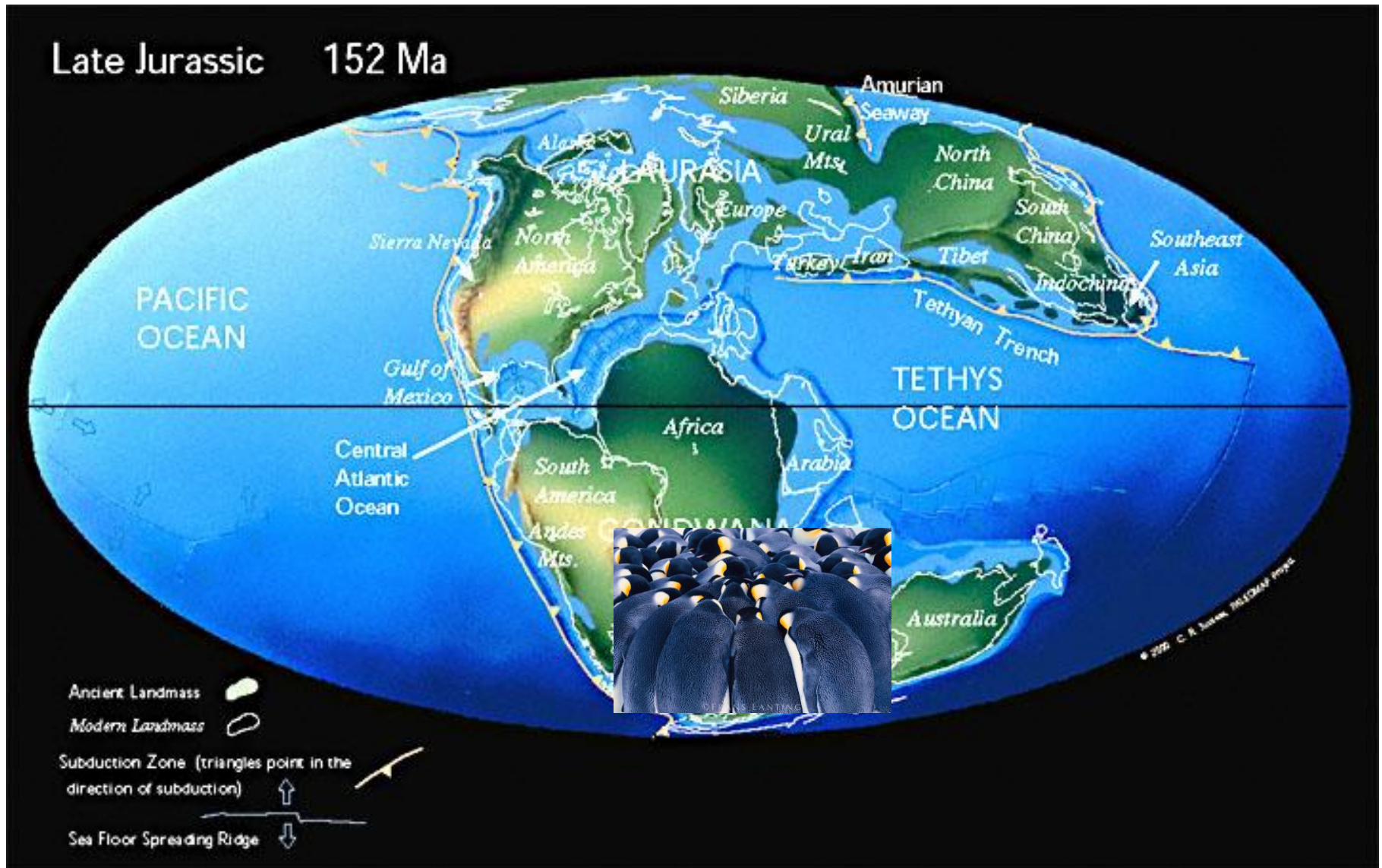
Jochen Halfar, University of Toronto

Past Arctic Ocean Climate Evolution

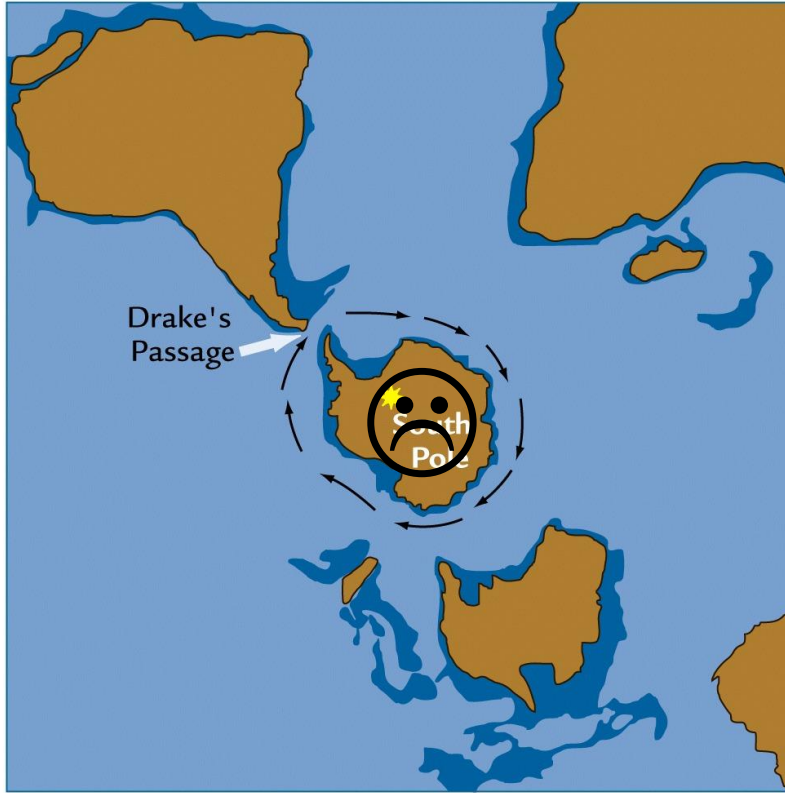


How to cool a planet?

Lets isolate Antarctica!



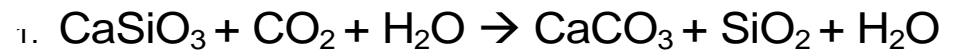
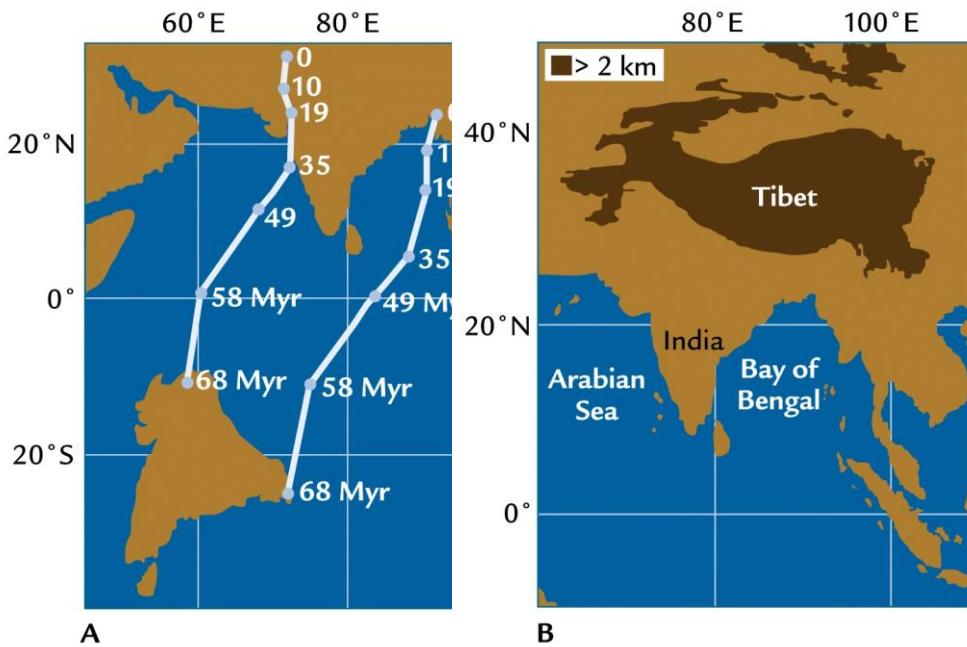
How to cool a planet?



- Oceanic Gateway Opening
- Initiation of Circumantarctic Current

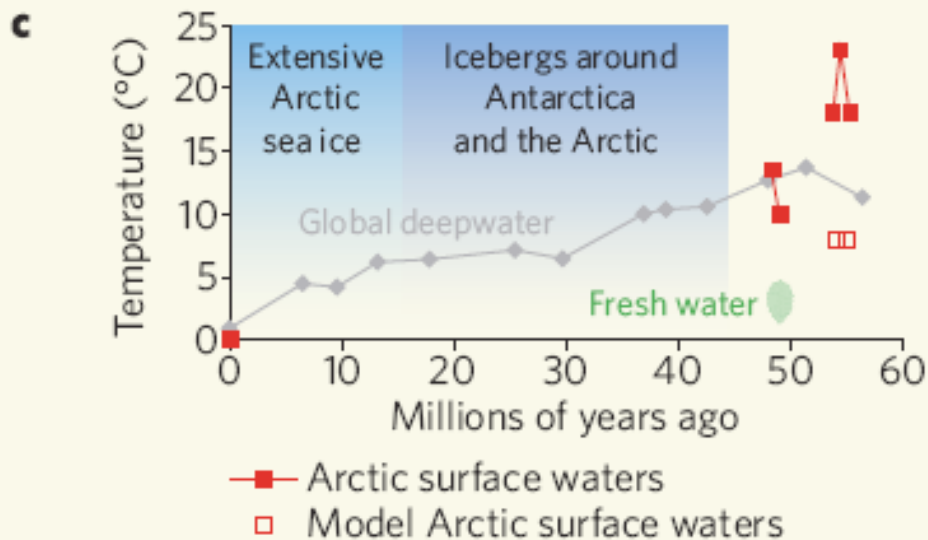
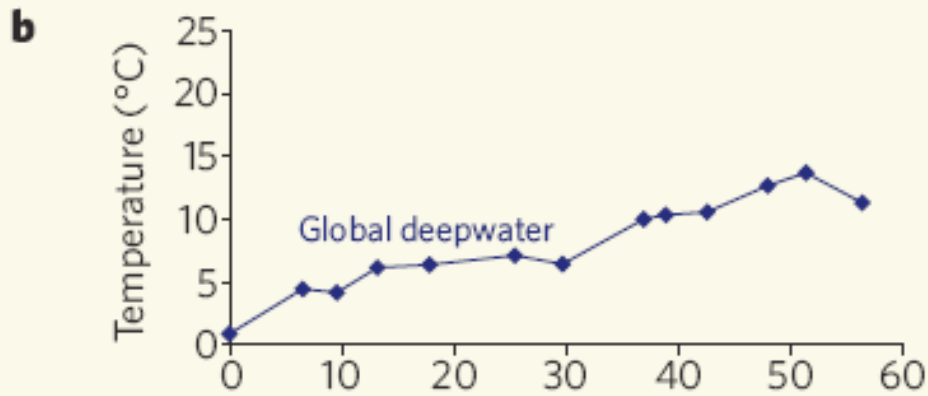
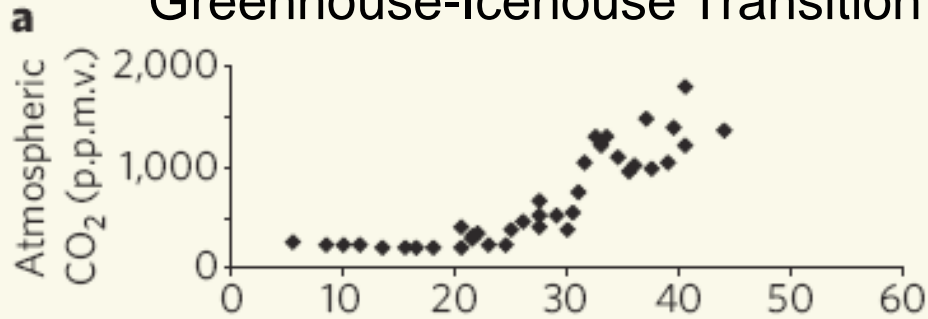
~34 Ma

How to cool a planet?



- Main collision India-Asia ~35 Ma, and European Alps in Eocene (56-35 Ma)
- Weathering of Mountain Belts
- Drawdown of CO_2

Greenhouse-Icehouse Transition



- Arctic glaciation contemporaneous with Antarctica

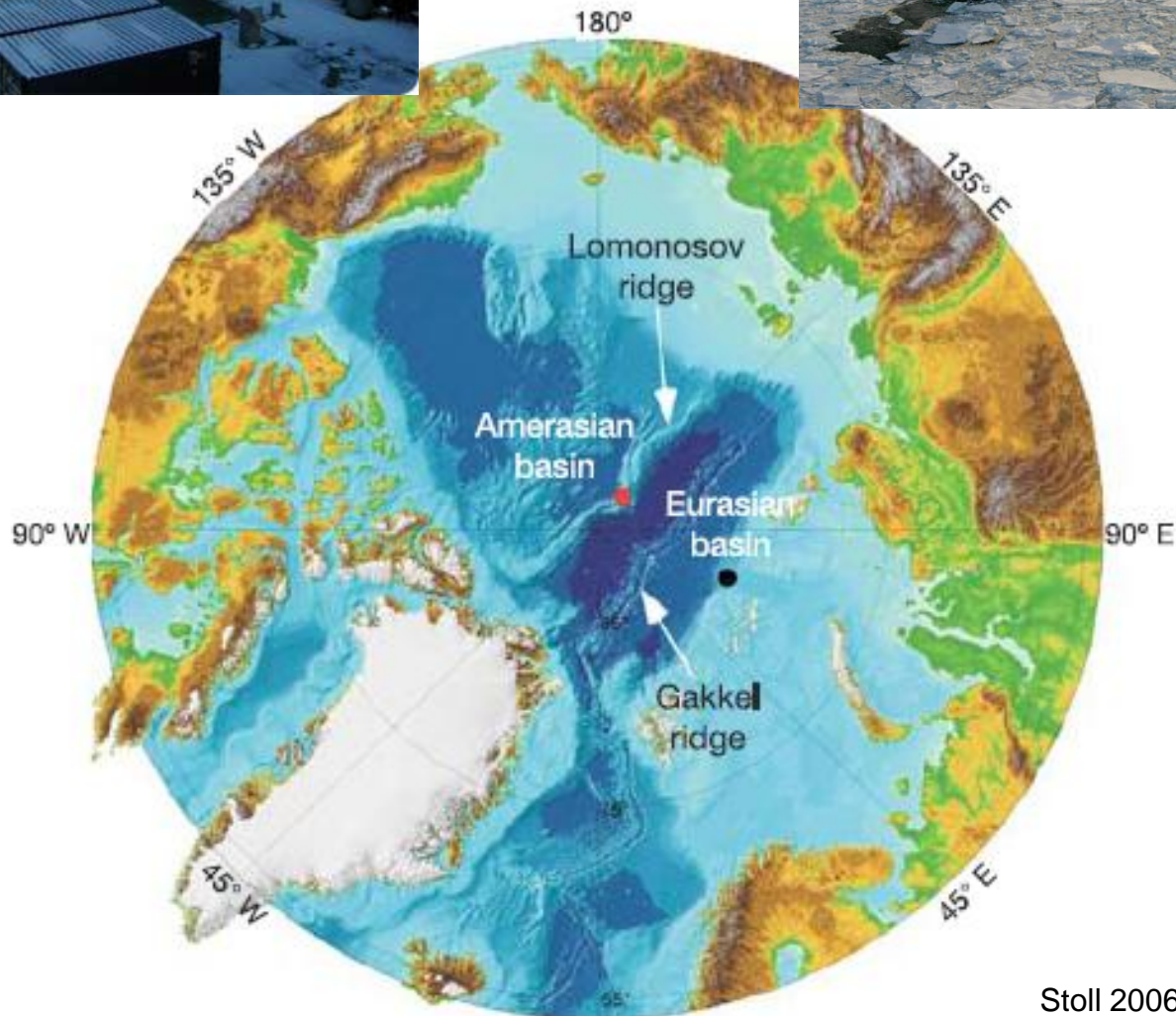
→ Bipolar glaciation

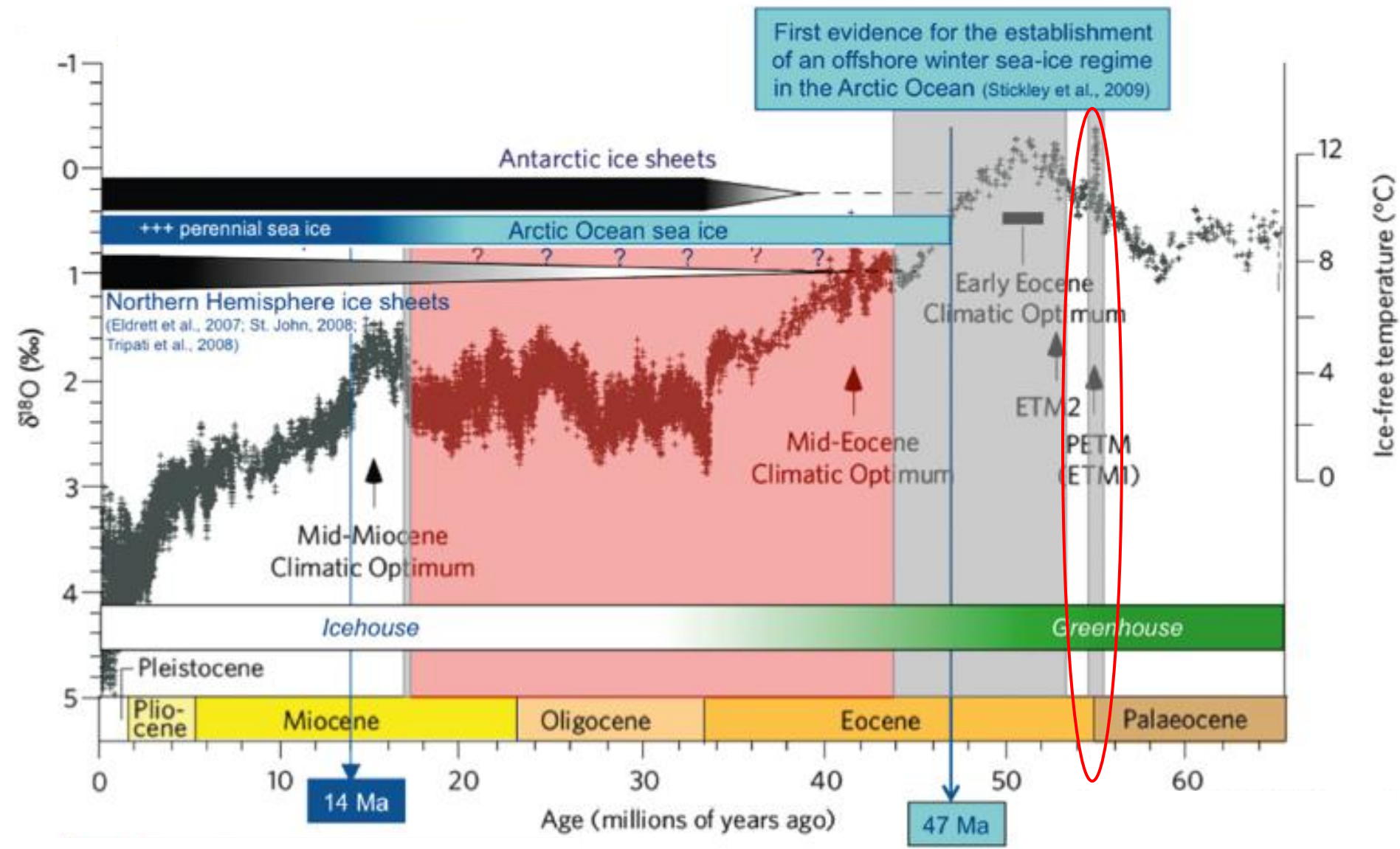
- Points to CO₂ as main driver



ACEX –
Arctic
Coring
Expedition

IODP -
Integrated
Ocean
Drilling
Program

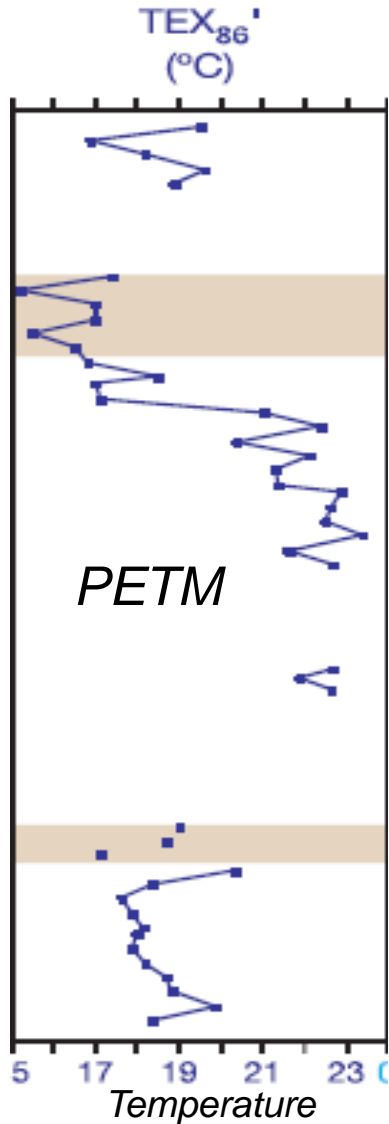




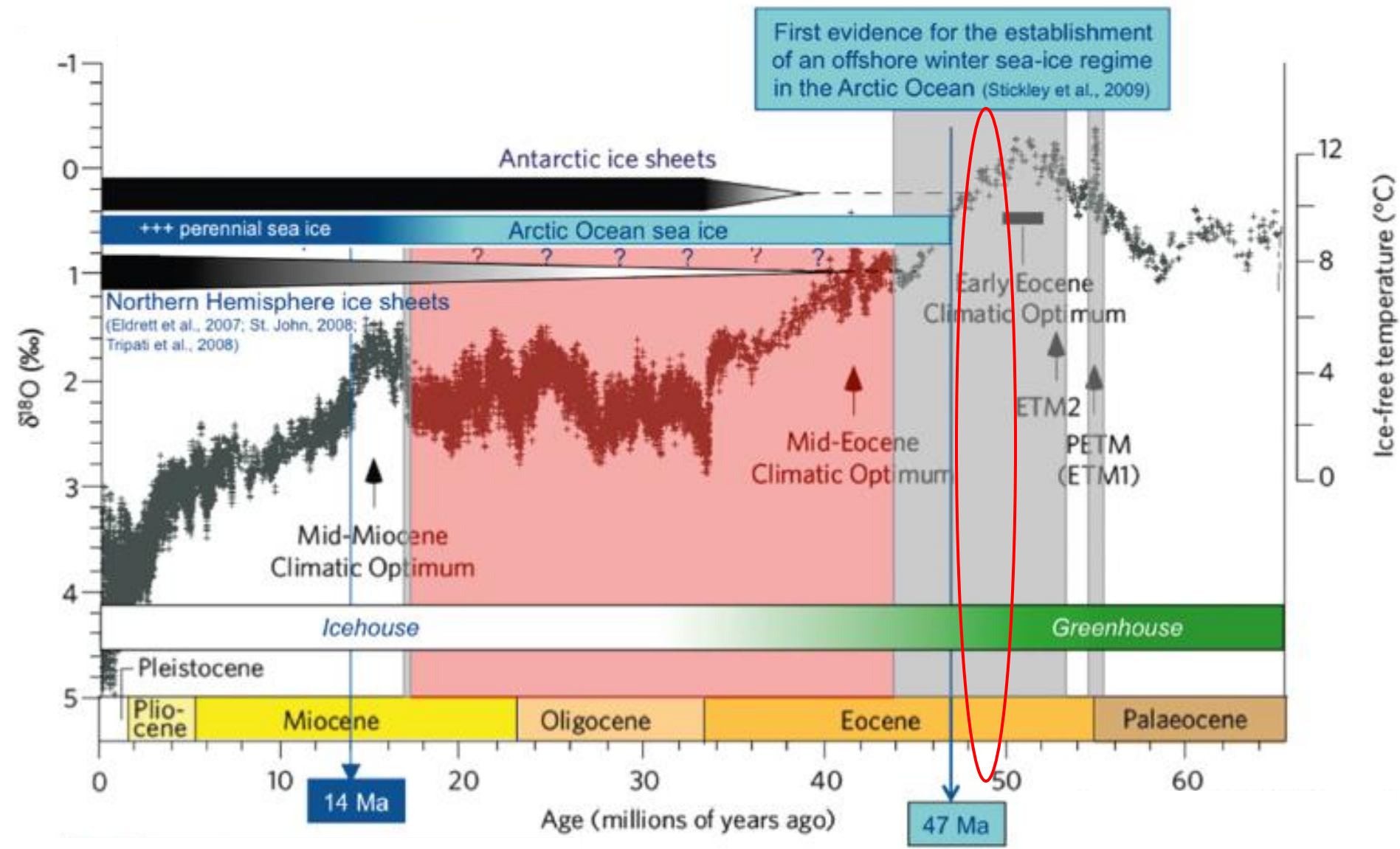
Paleocene-Eocene Thermal Maximum (PETM - 56 Ma)

- Massive carbon release to atmosphere in short time (<5 ka)
- Comparable to today's CO₂ increase (amount and timing)
- Caused short global scale warming (duration ~200ka)

Paleocene-Eocene Thermal Maximum (PETM - 56 Ma)



- Arctic sea surface temperatures increased from 18 to 23°C
- Supergreenhouse
- Invasion of subtropical marine species
- Before, after and during PETM Arctic ice free

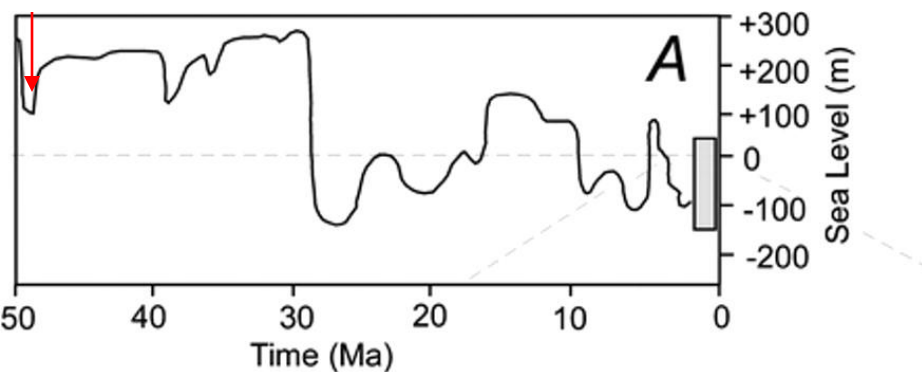


Freshwater Lake (49 Ma ago)

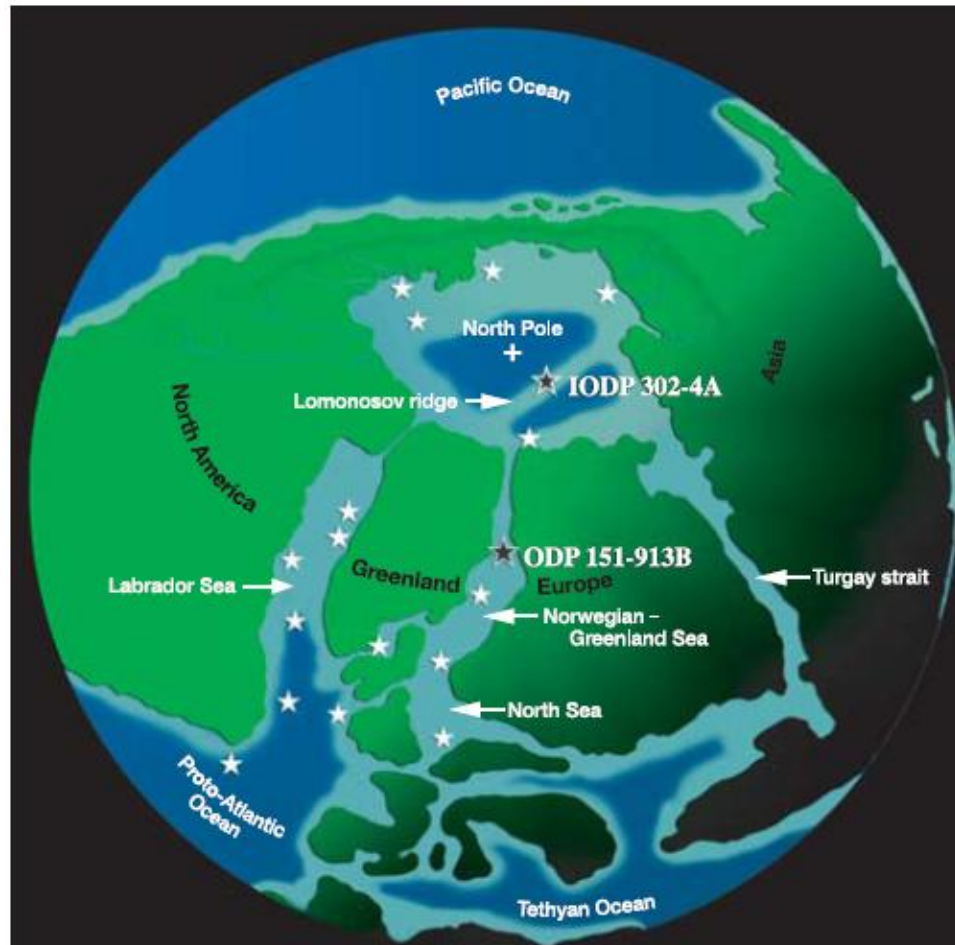


Freshwater Lake (49 Ma ago)

- No inflow of warm salty currents (related to sea-level drop?)

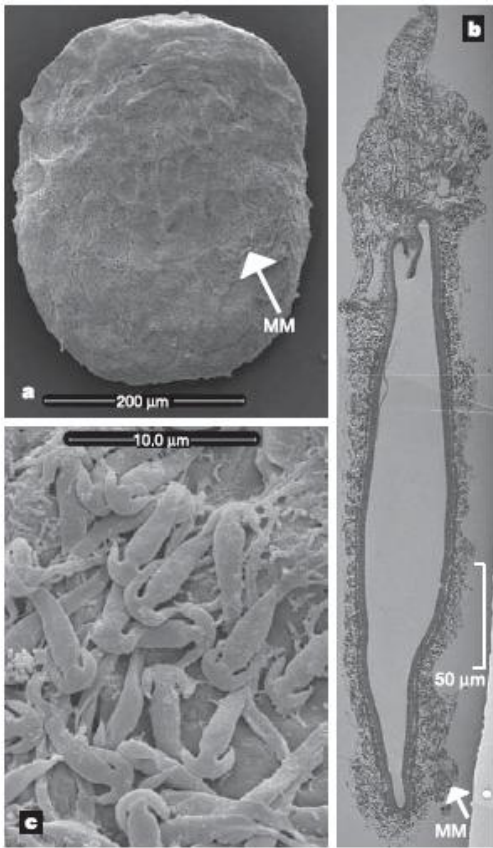


Brinkhuis et al. 2006



Freshwater Lake (49 Ma ago)

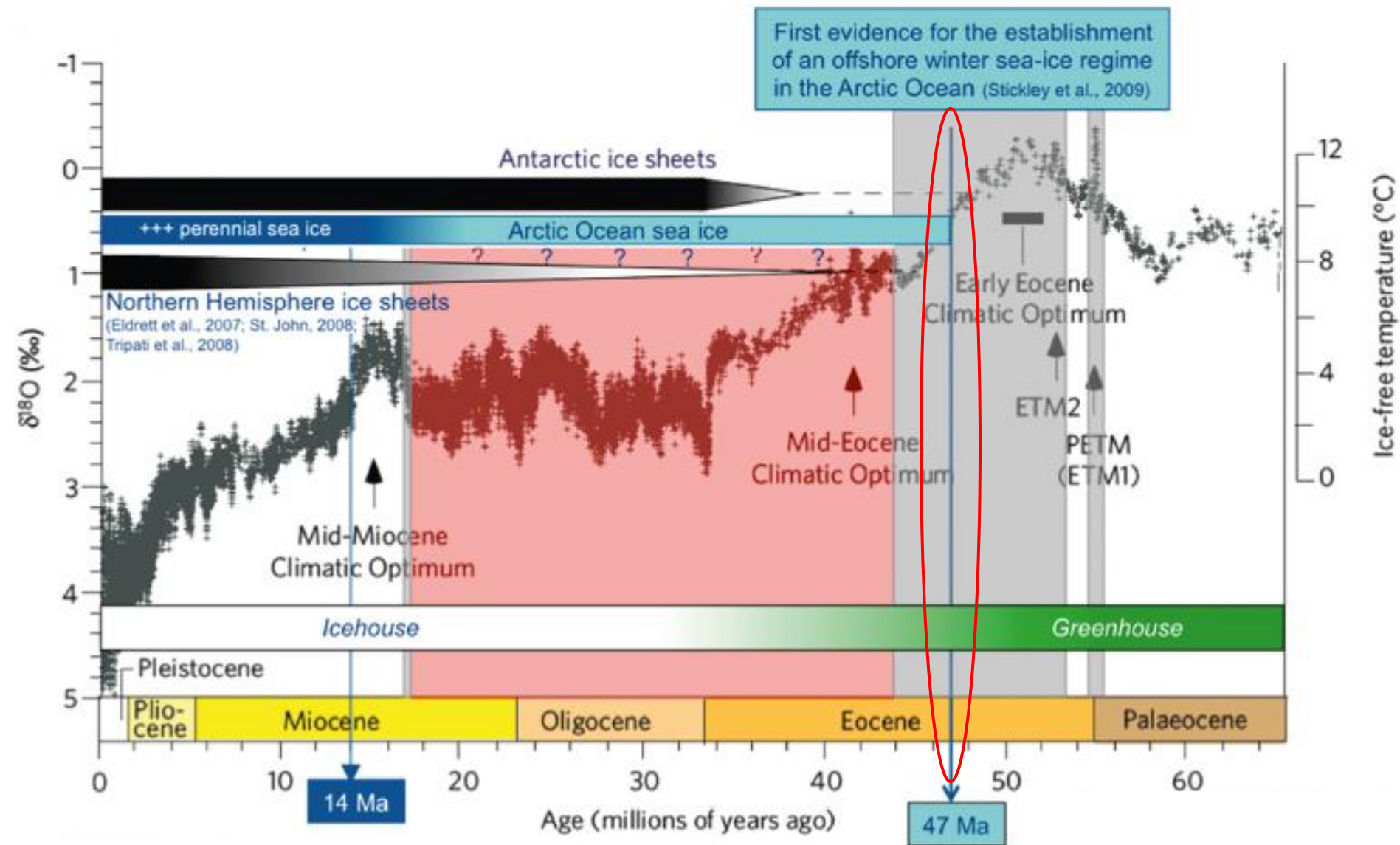
- No inflow of warm salty currents (related to sea-level drop?)
- Evidence aquatic fern *Azolla* (grows only in less than 0.2% salt)



Freshwater Lake (49 Ma ago)

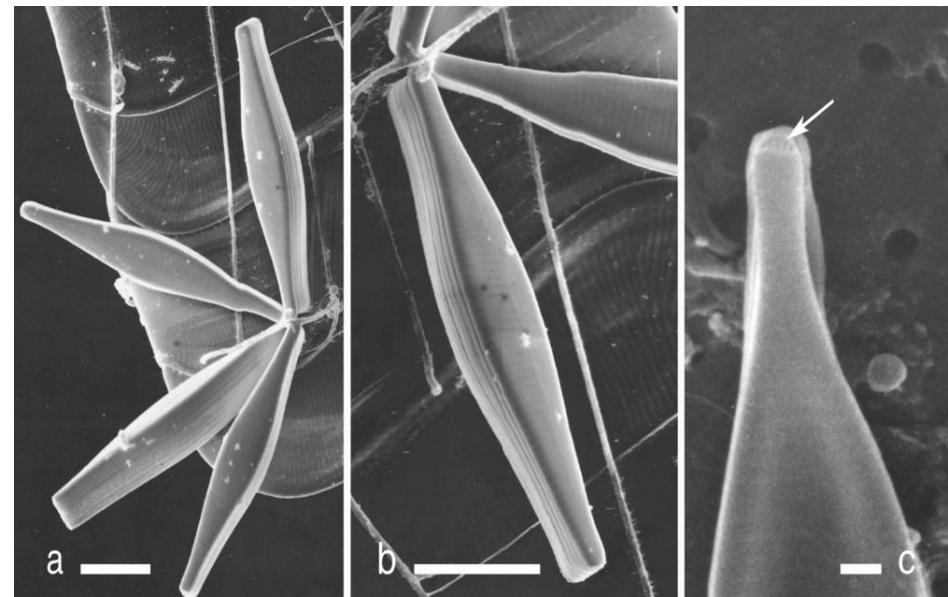
- No inflow of warm salty currents (related to sea-level drop?)
- Evidence aquatic fern *Azolla* (grows only in less than 0.2% salt)
- Arctic freshwater overflowed into adjacent basins
- Often anoxic conditions at seafloor





First Sea Ice at 47.5 Ma

Evidence A: Sea Ice Algae (Diatom – *Synedropsis* sp.)

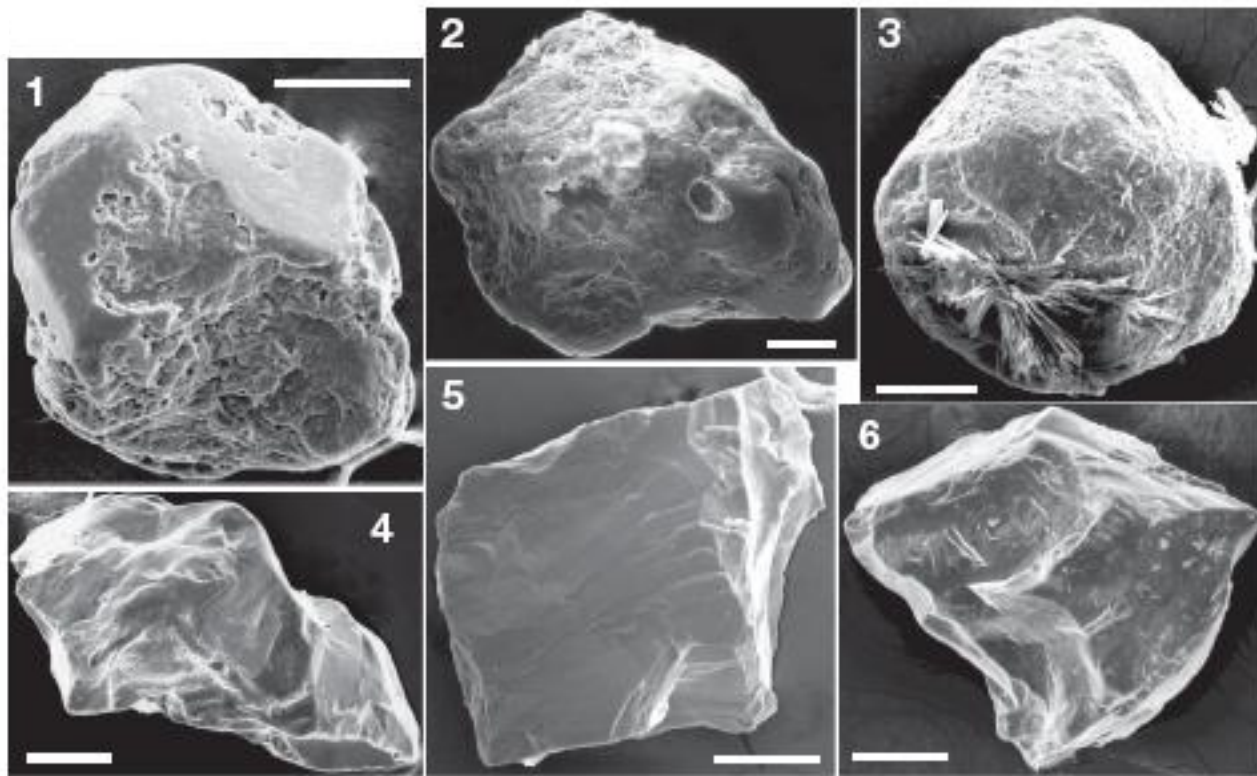


Synedropsis hyperboreoides

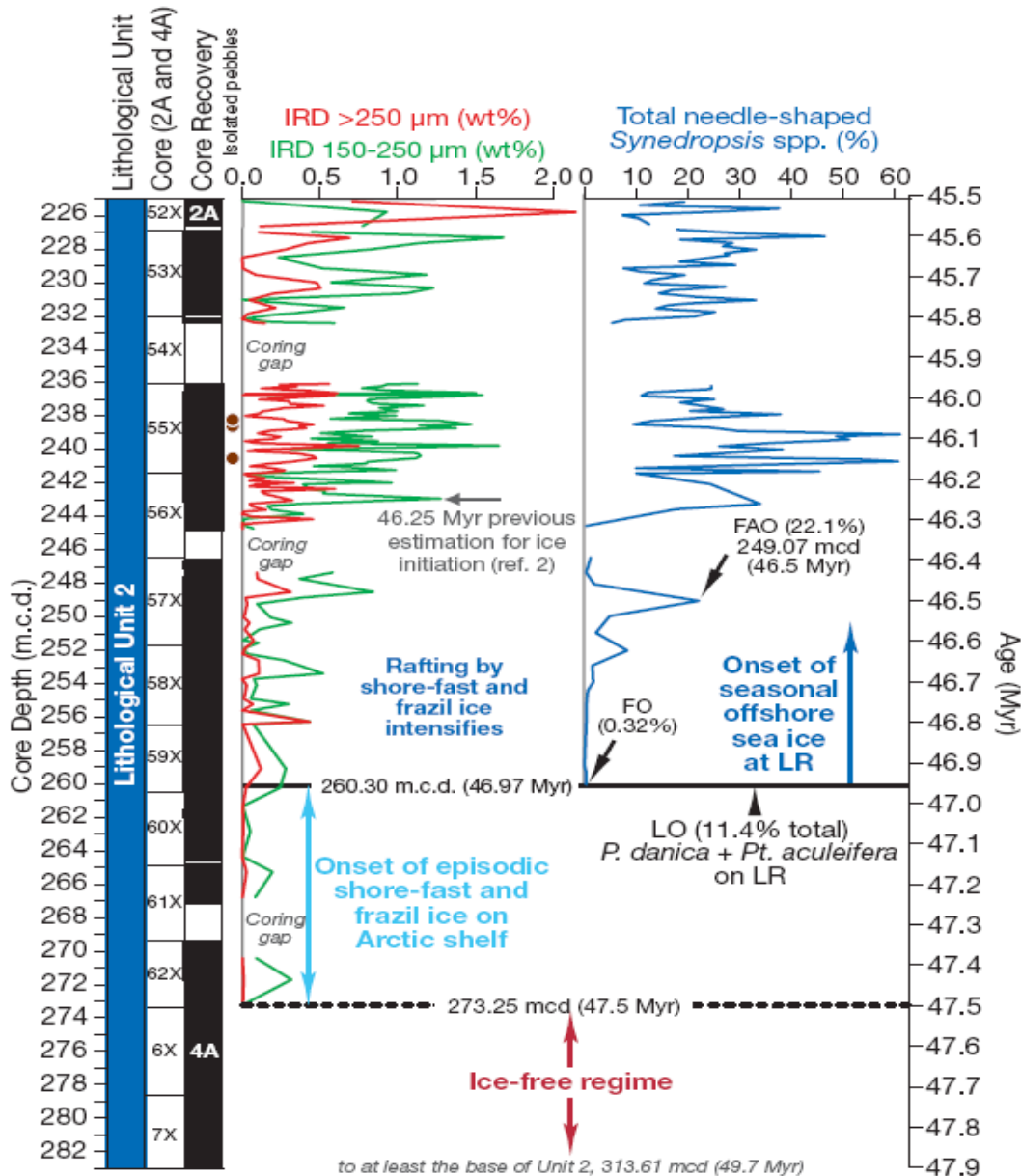
Stickley et al. 2009

First Sea Ice at 47.5 Ma

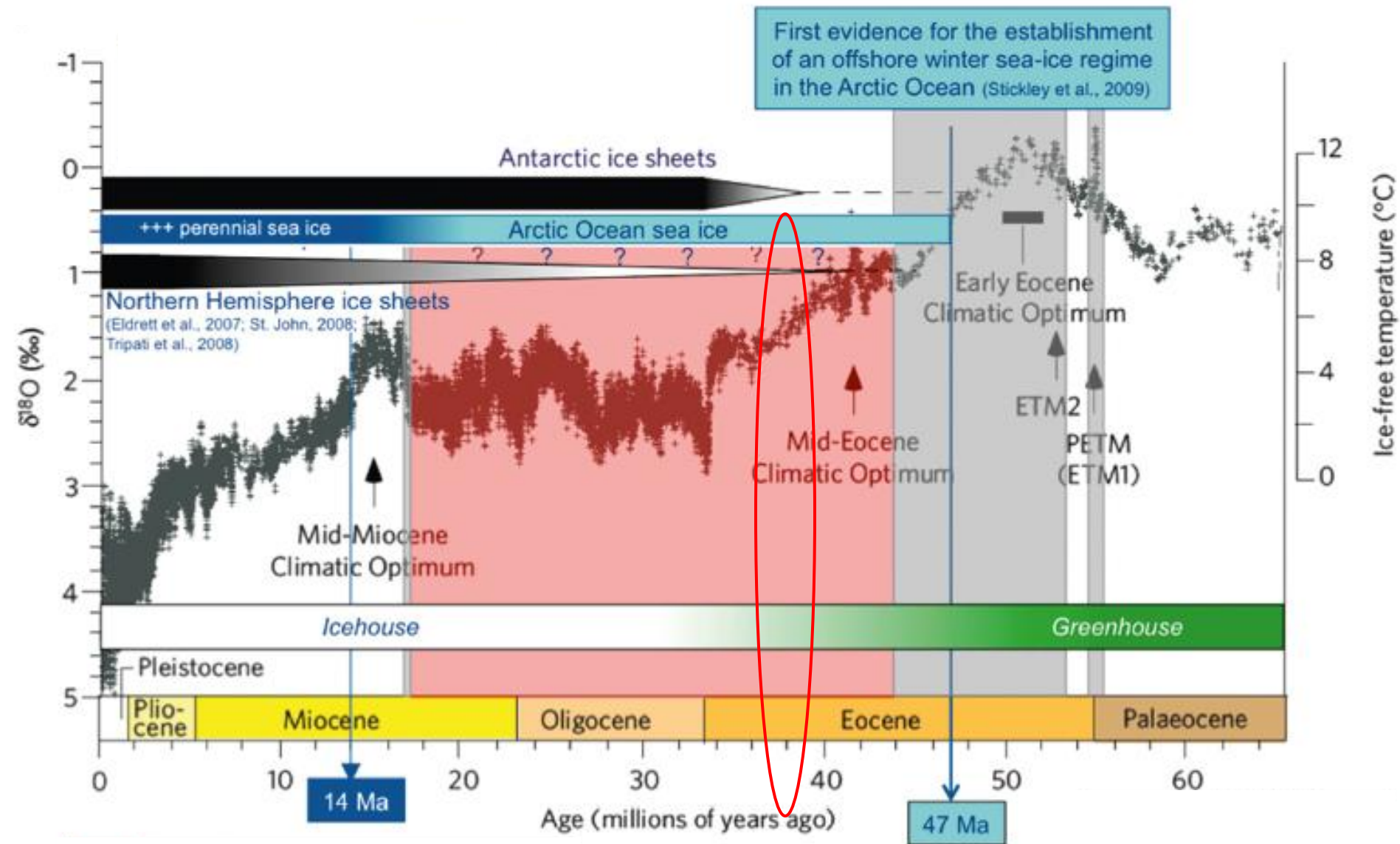
Evidence B: Ice Rafted Debris (IRD)



First Sea Ice at 47.5 Ma

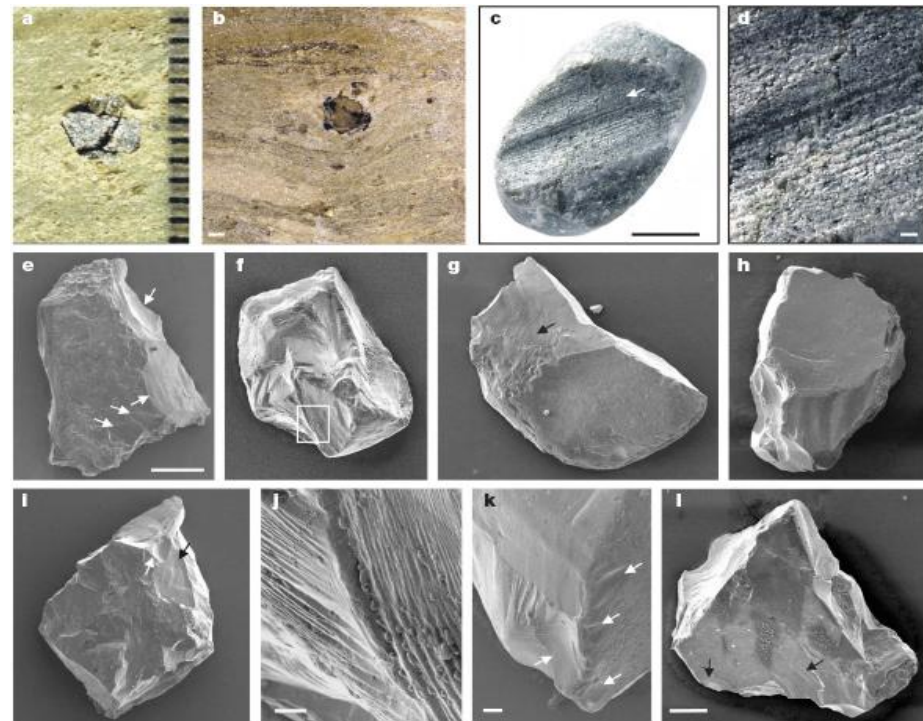
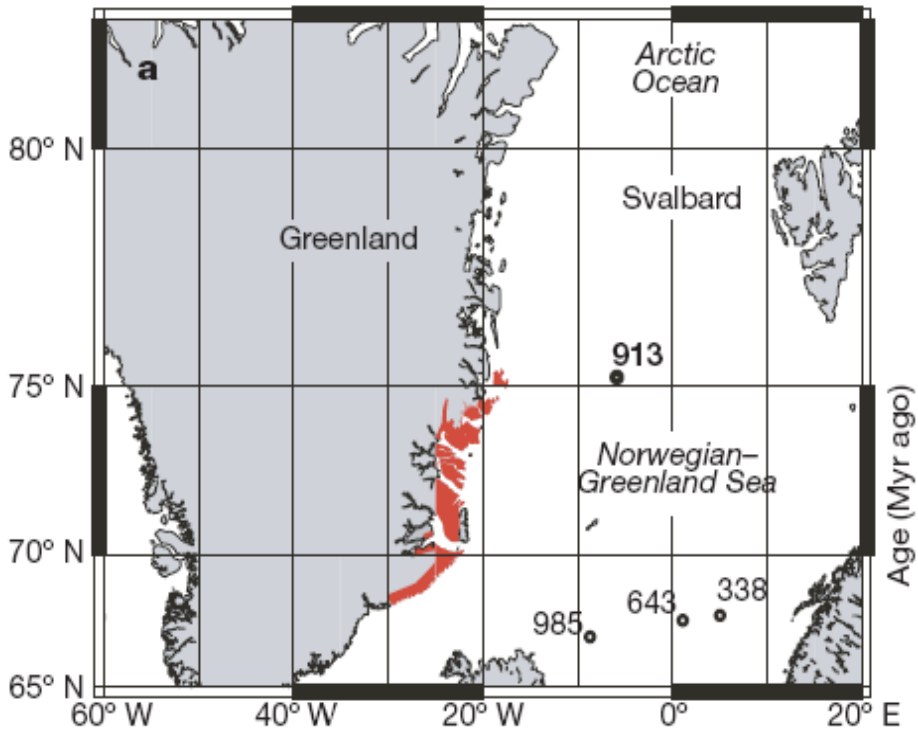


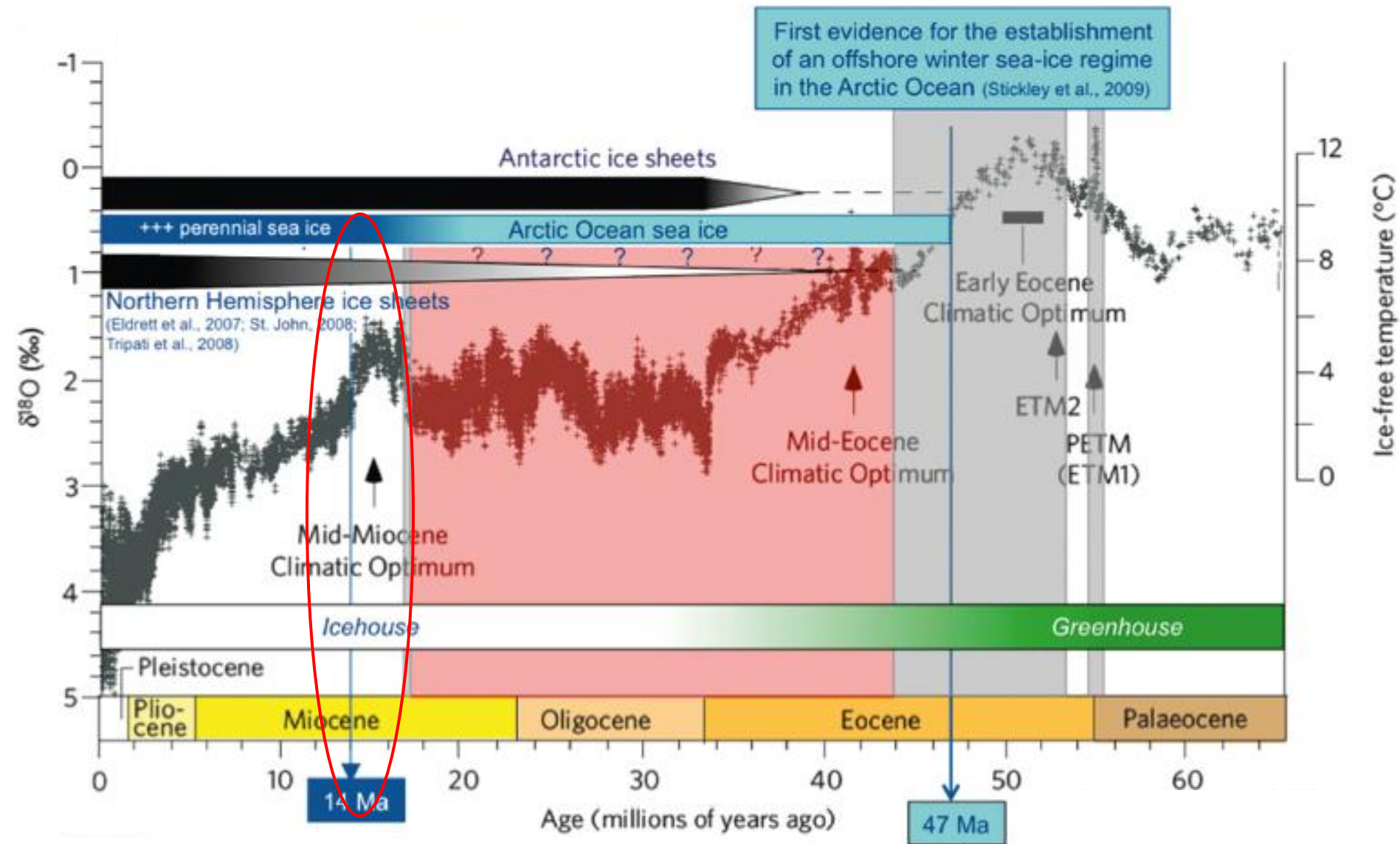
- Shore-fast ice at 47.5 Ma
- Seasonal sea ice at 46.9 Ma
- Icebergs at 46.25 Ma
- Slightly earlier than onset of glaciation in Antarctica
- Less saline waters in Arctic



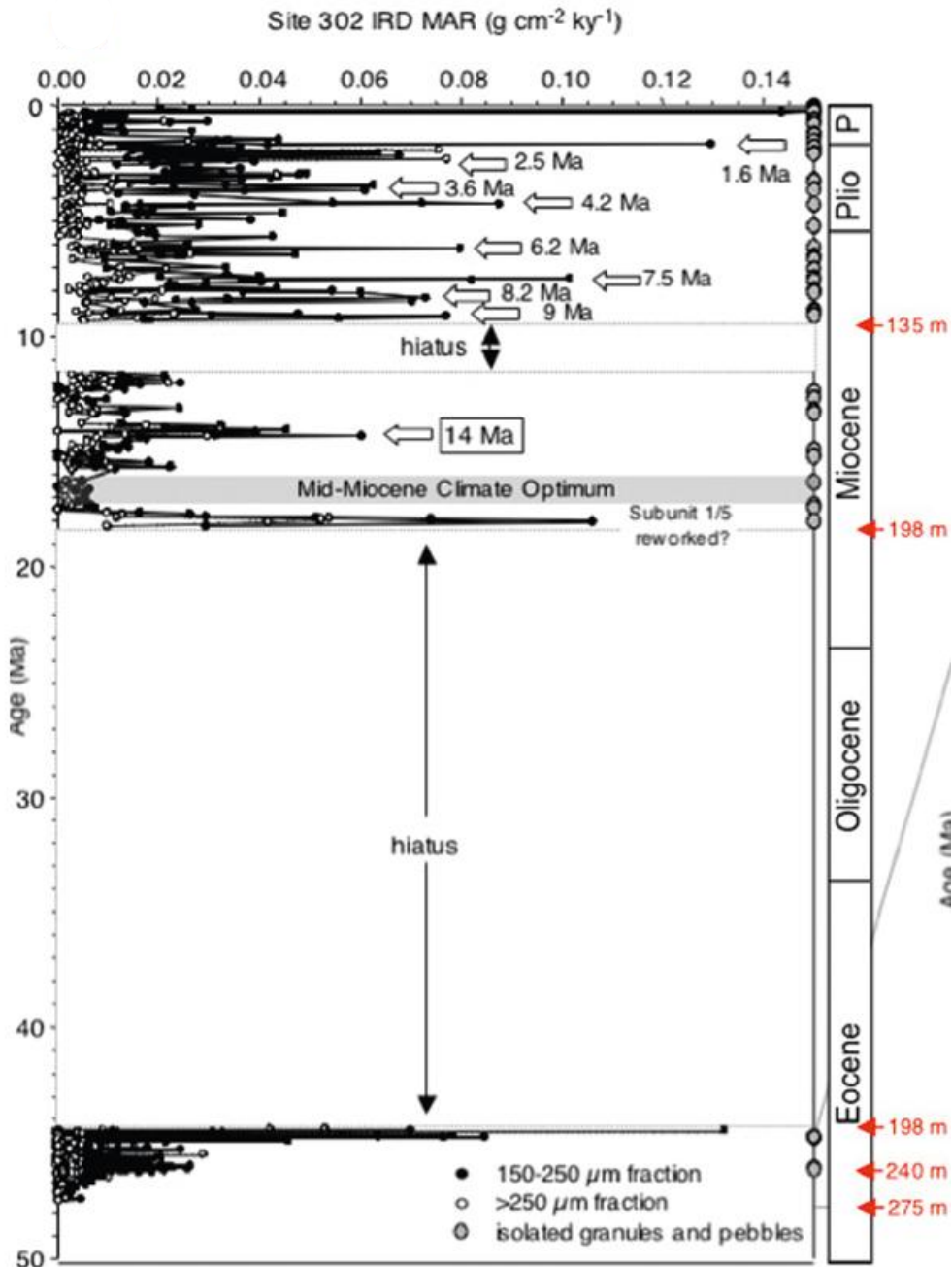
Greenland glaciers at 38 Ma

- Ice rafted debris in sediment core off Eastern Greenland
- Glacial Ice



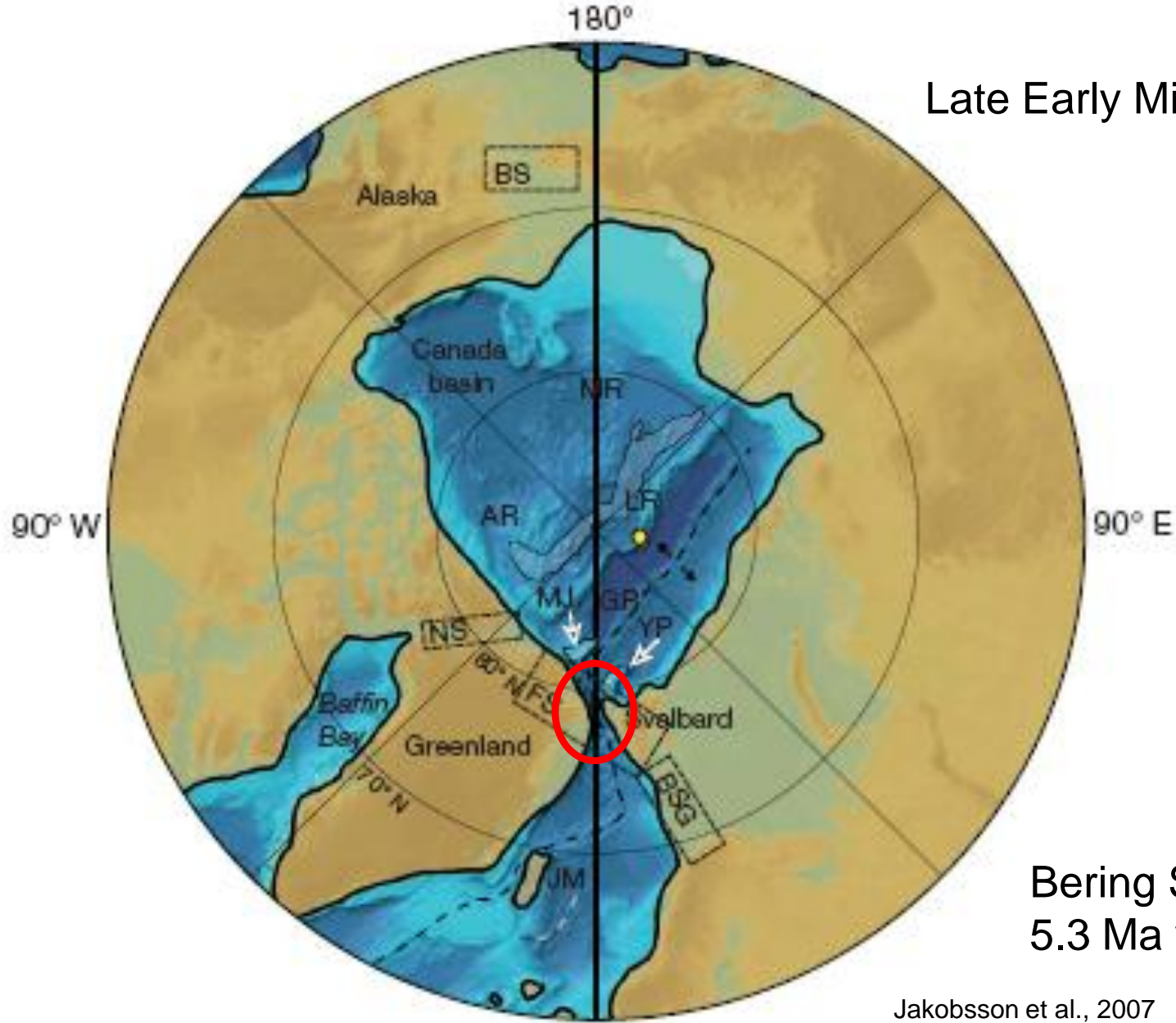


Miocene Sea Ice Evolution



- Ice decline at Mid-Miocene Climate Optimum
- Continuous ice since 14 Ma

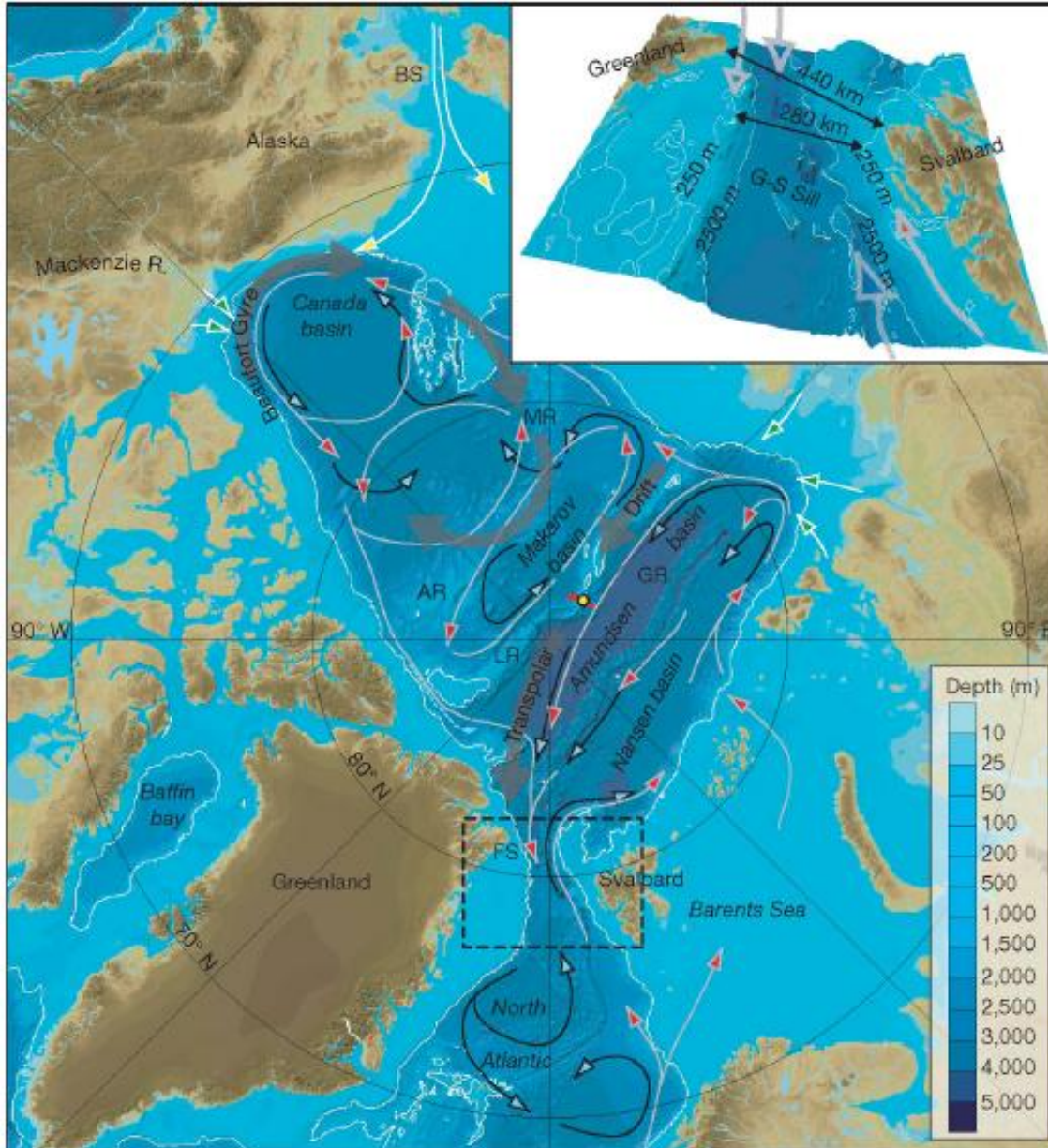
Opening of Fram Strait



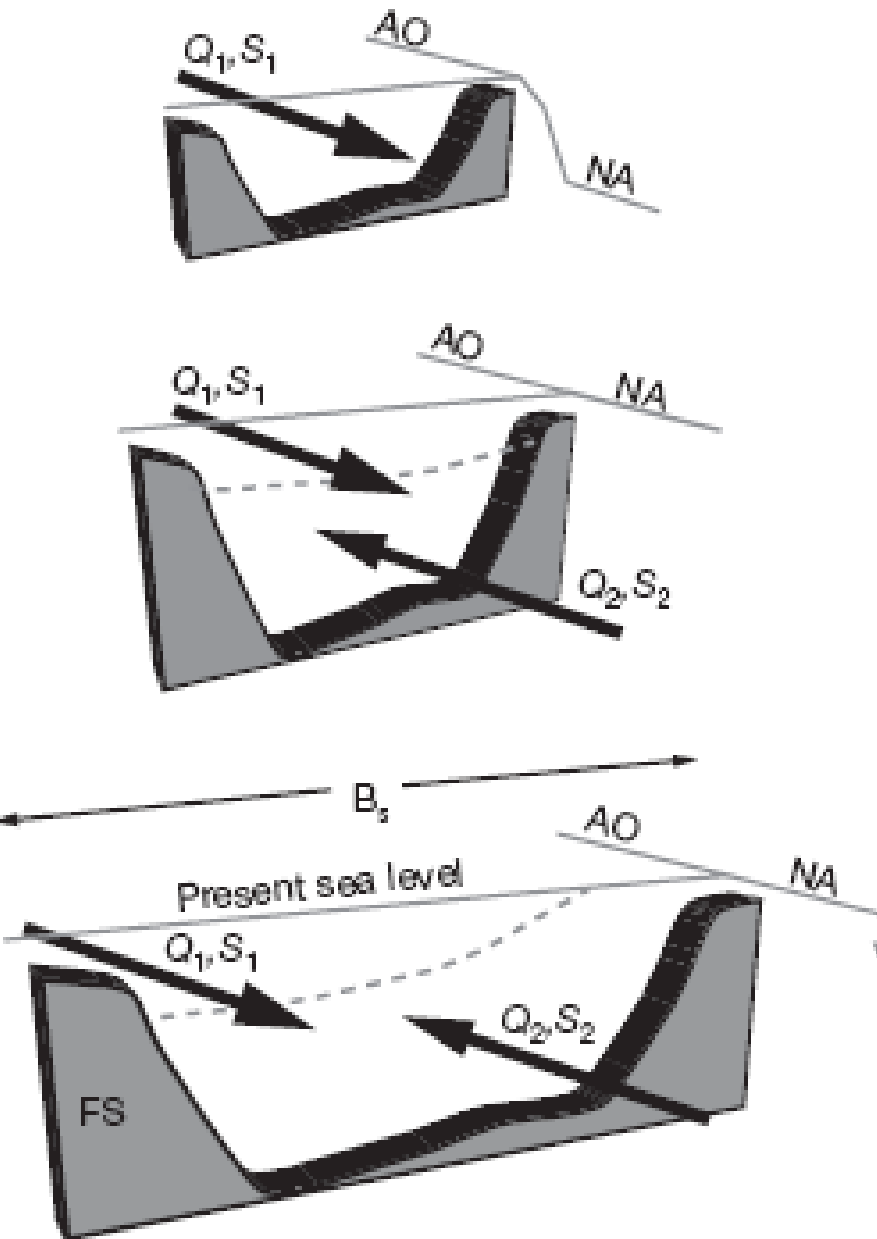
Late Early Miocene ~17.5 Ma

Bering Strait only opened
5.3 Ma years ago

Opening of Fram Strait



Opening of Fram Strait



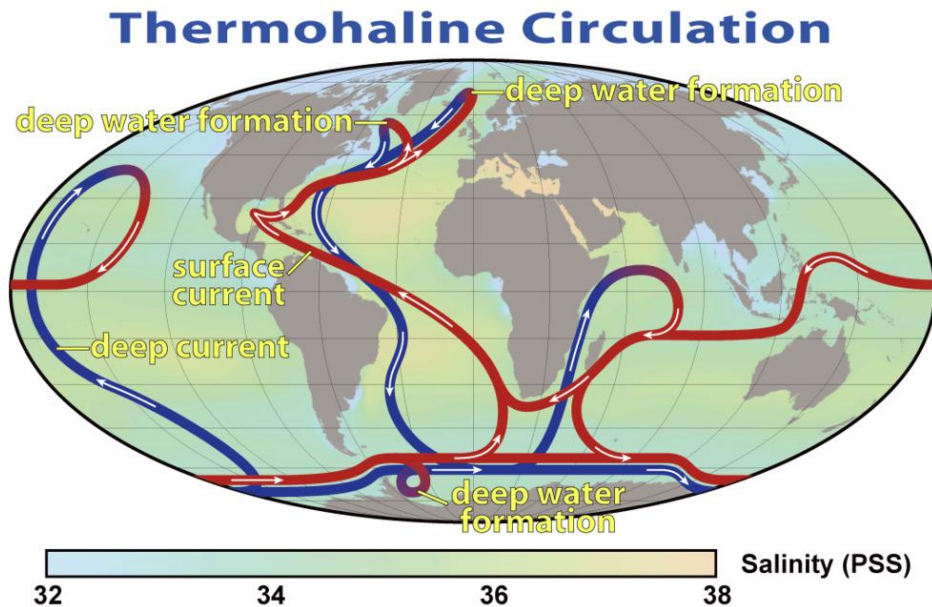
Oxygen poor
'lake stage' (*Azolla* – 49 Ma)

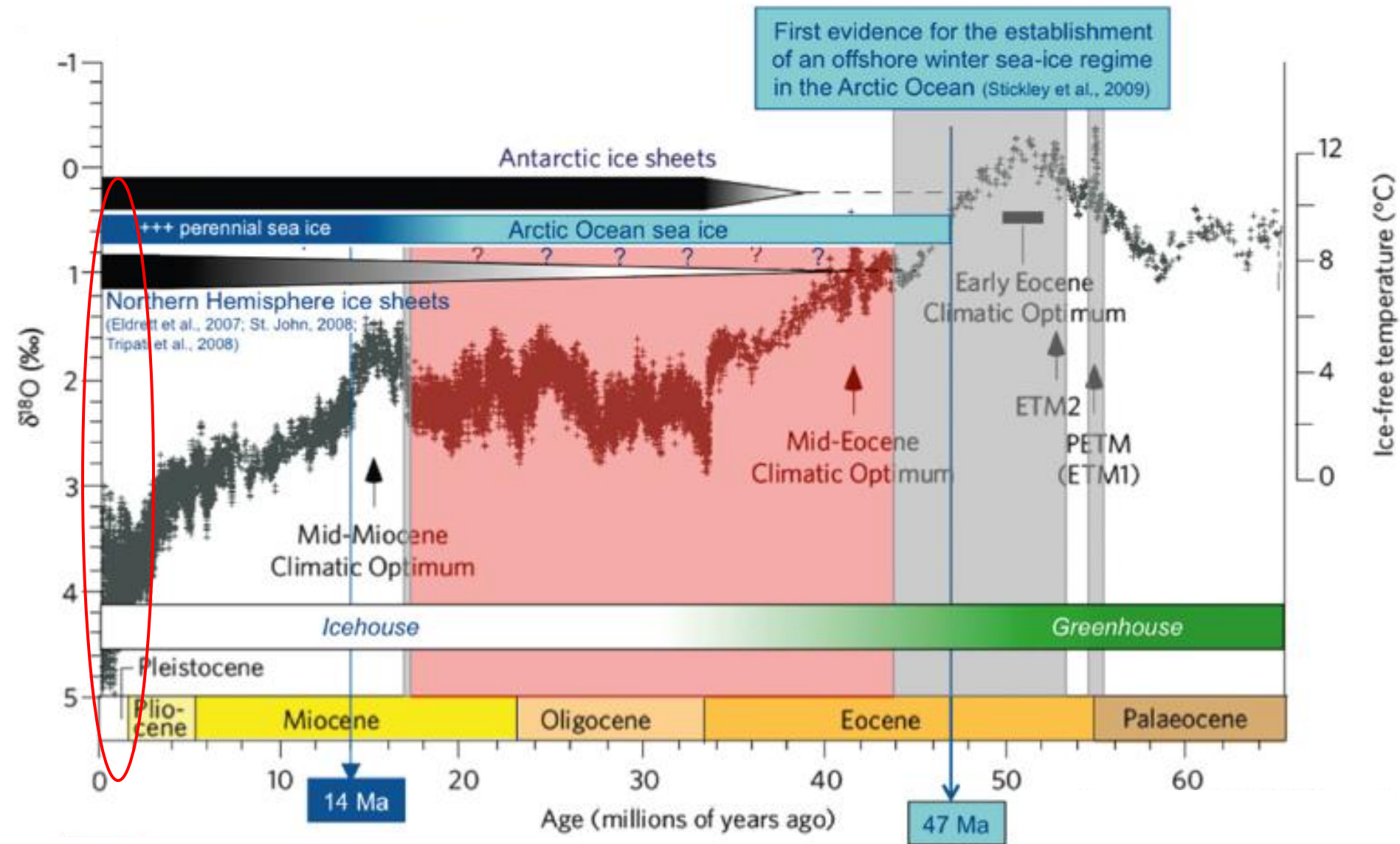
Transitional 'estuarine sea'
phase with variable ventilation

Fully ventilated 'ocean'
phase starting 17.5 Myr ago

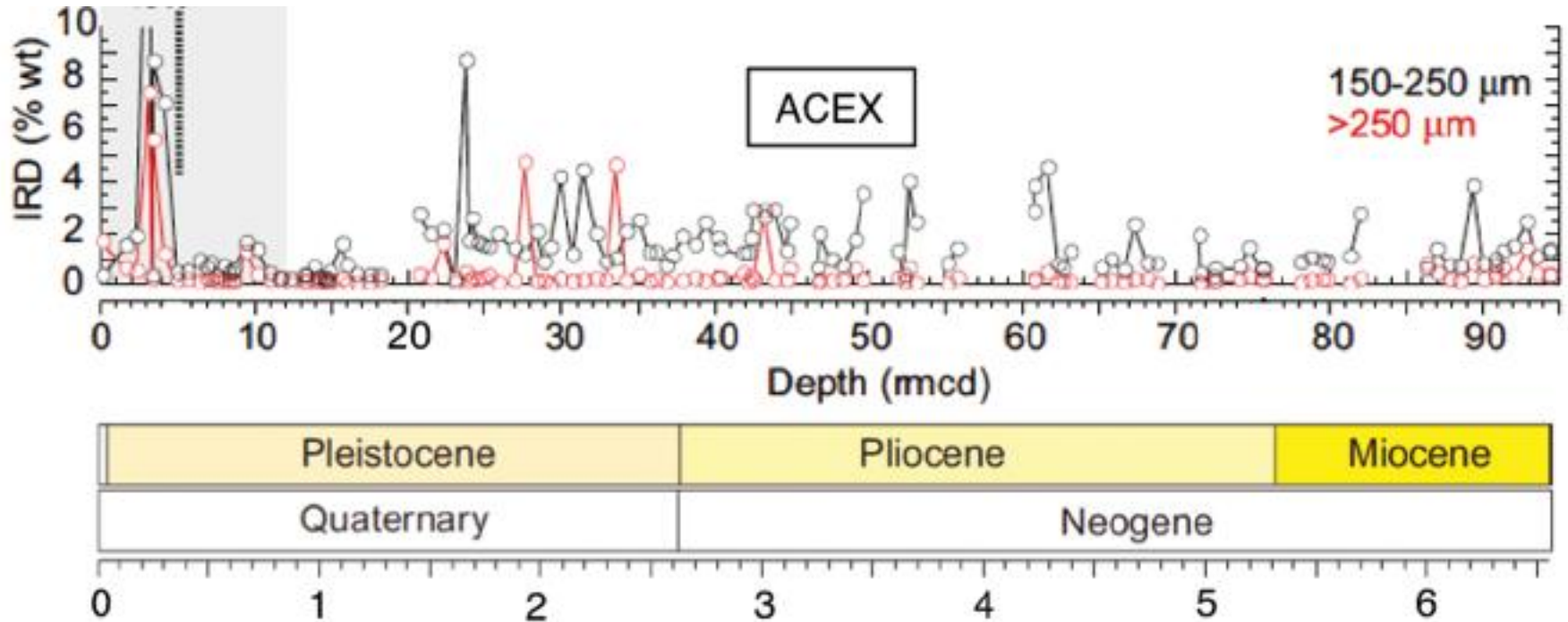
Opening of Fram Strait

- Onset of modern circulation regime
- Warm salty currents feed into the Arctic
- After releasing heat, waters become dense enough to sink as North Atlantic Deepwater (driver of thermohaline circulation)
- Fluctuations in the intensity of these currents and deepwater formation participated in causing or amplifying climate change events





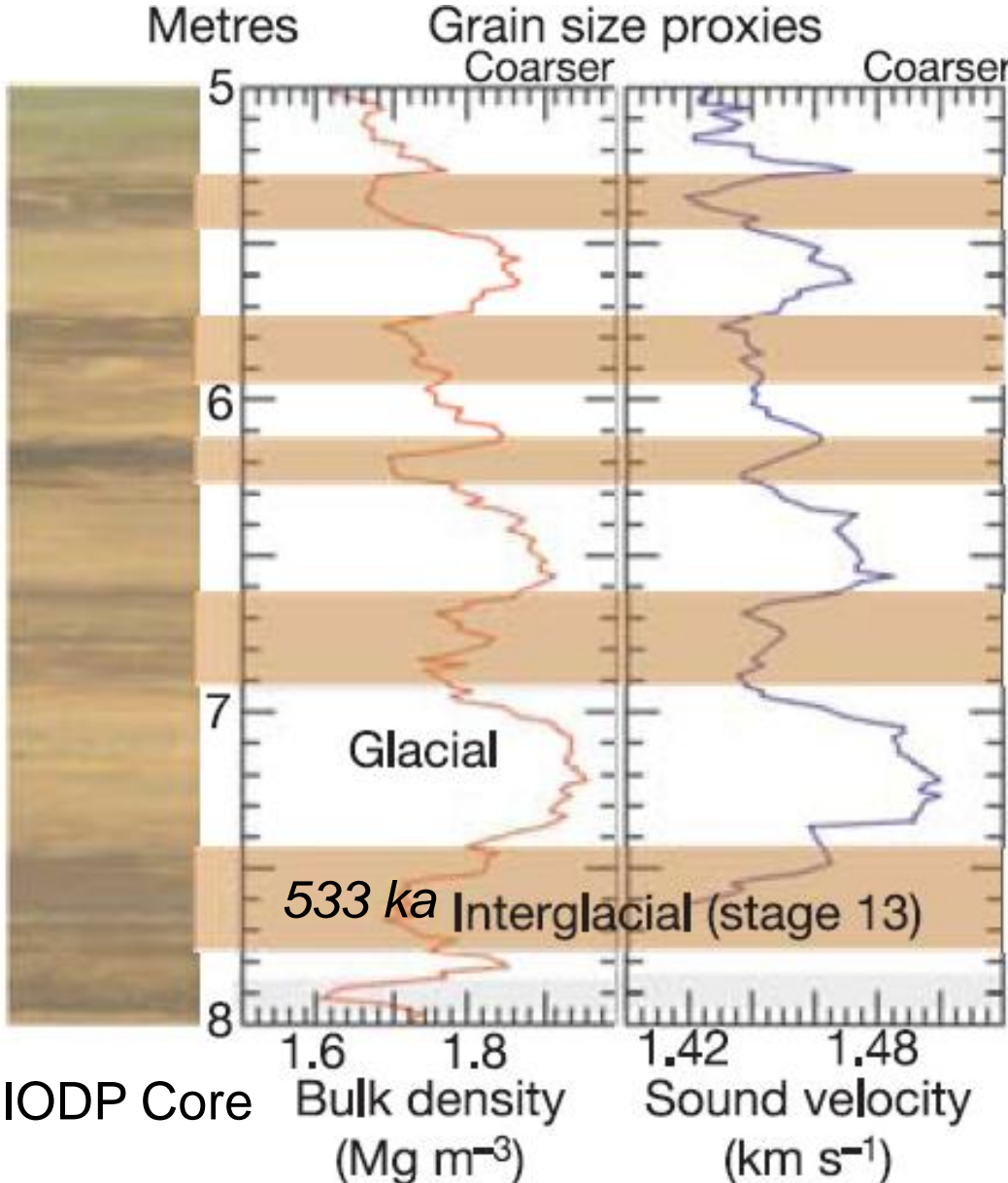
Pleistocene Ice Ages (2.6 Myr)



Why little IRD in early Pleistocene?

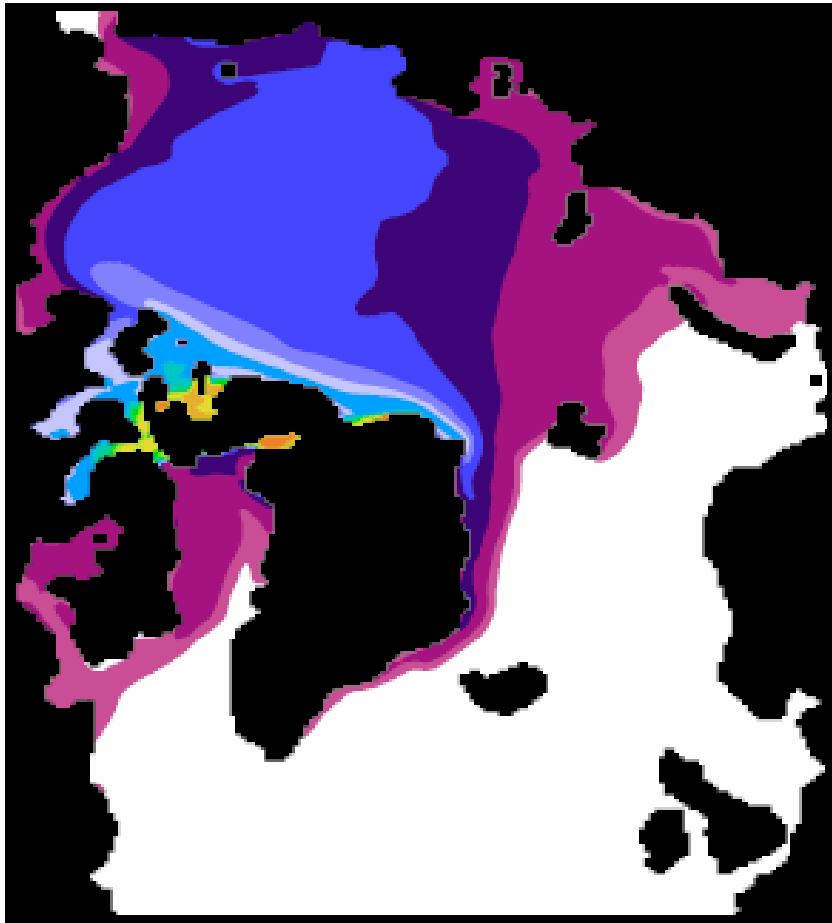
- Stable ice pack reduces transport and melting
- Lower inflow of Atlantic-derived warm water reduces basal melting of sea ice

Pleistocene Ice Ages (2.6 Myr)

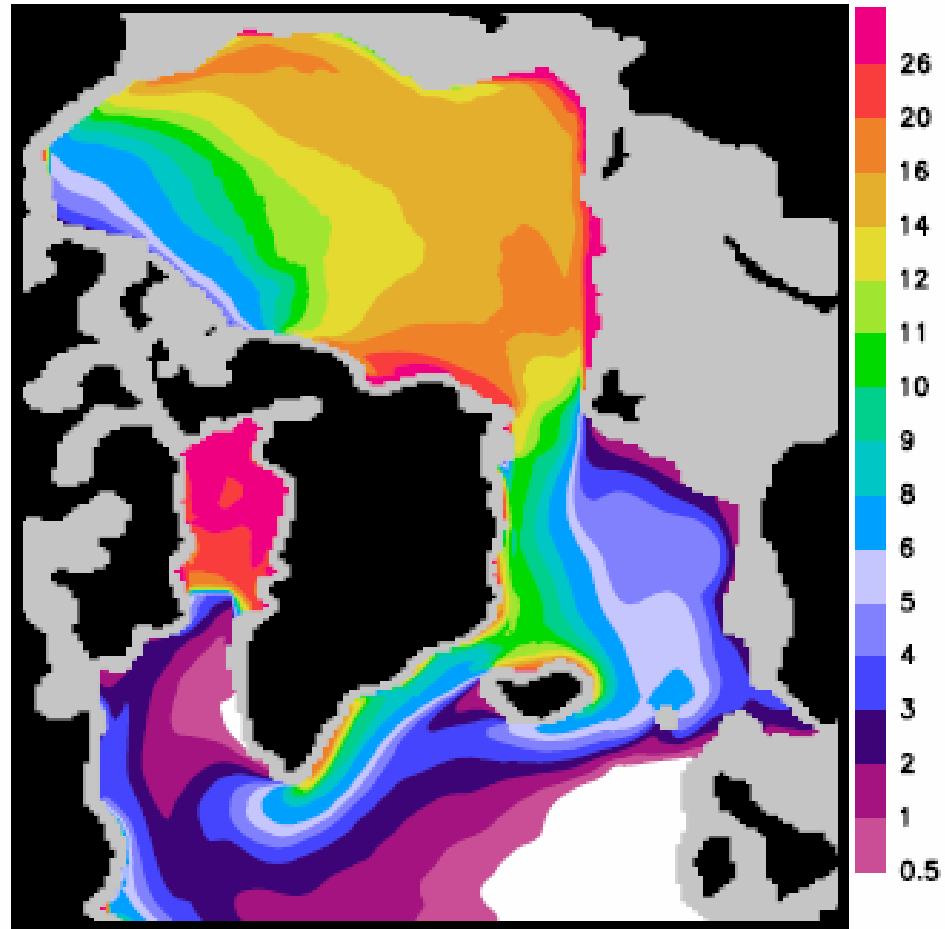


Coarser ice rafted material during glacial

Last Glacial Maximum



Modern Sea Ice Thickness



Last Glacial Maximum Sea Ice Thickness

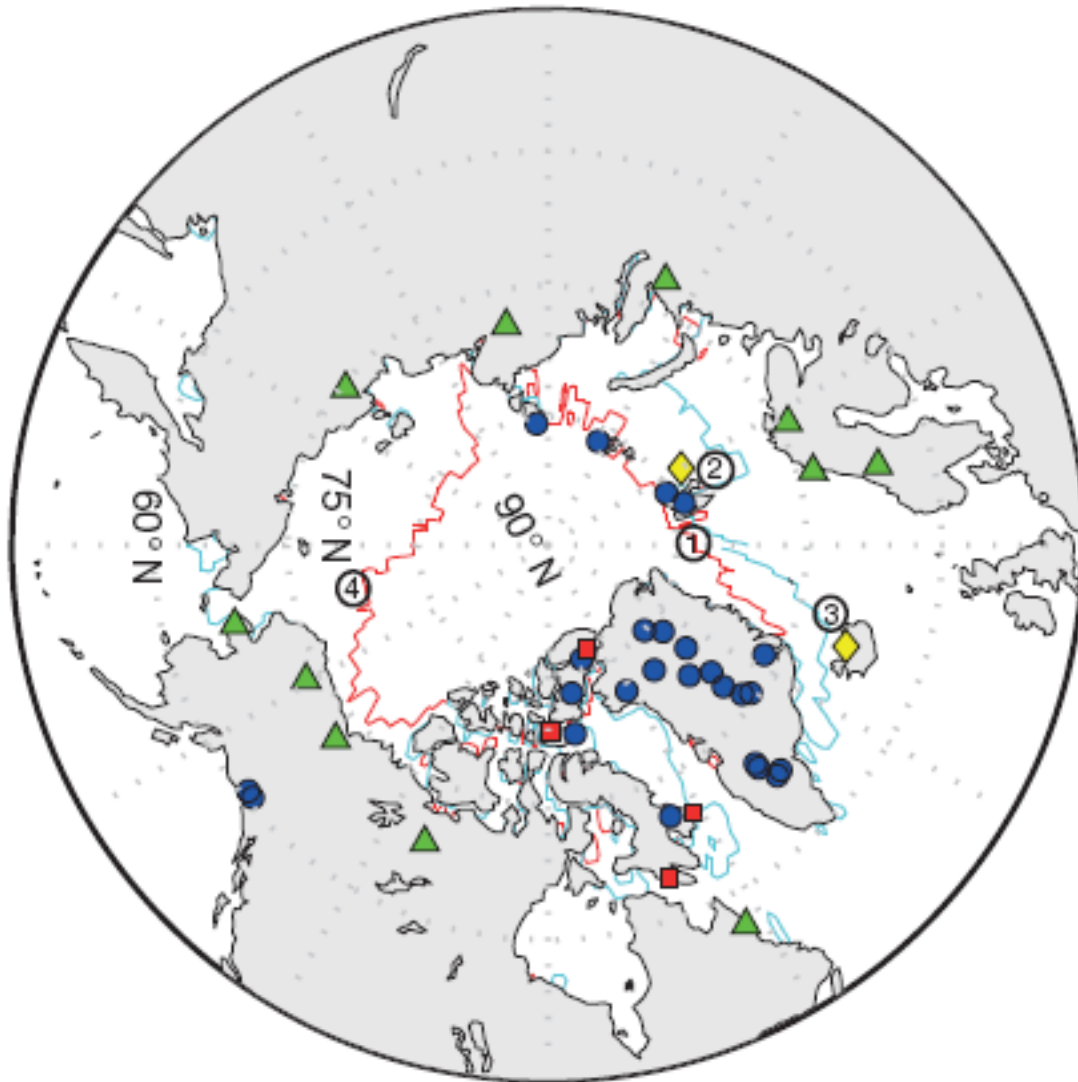
Last Glacial Maximum (~20ka)

Summer Ice Extent



Stein et al. 2012

Past 1500 years (late Holocene)



Terrestrial proxies

- Ice core
- ▲ Tree ring
- Lake sediment
- ◆ Documentary

Ocean cores

- ① JM04
- ② BASICC8
- ③ MD99-2275
- ④ 92-B5

Past 1500 years (late Holocene)

